

# General Certificate of Education June 2010 

Mathematics
MFP1

Further Pure 1

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## Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

| M | mark is for method |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |  |  |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |  |  |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |  |  |
|  | mark is for explanation |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ or ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result | MC | mis-copy |
| CAO | correct answer only | MR | mis-read |
| CSO | correct solution only | RA | required accuracy |
| AWFW | anything which falls within | FW | further work |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to | ISW | ignore subsequent work |
| ACF | any correct form | FIW | from incorrect work |
| AG | answer given | BOD | given benefit of doubt |
| SC | special case | WR | work replaced by candidate |
| OE | or equivalent | FB | formulae book |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0 ) accuracy marks | NOS | not on scheme |
| $-x$ EE | deduct $x$ marks for each error | G | graph |
| NMS | no method shown | c | candidate |
| PI | possibly implied | sf | significant figure(s) |
| SCA | substantially correct approach | dp | decimal place(s) |

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MFP1


MFP1 (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a) | At $B, y=(2+h)^{3}-12(2+h)$ | M1 |  | with attempt to expand and simplify |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & =\left(8+12 h+6 h^{2}+h^{3}\right)-(24+12 h) \\ & \left(=-16+6 h^{2}+h^{3}\right) \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  | correct expansion of $(2+h)^{3}$ |
|  | $\operatorname{Grad} A B=\frac{\left(-16+6 h^{2}+h^{3}\right)-(-16)}{(2+h)-2}$ | m1 |  |  |
|  | $=\frac{6 h^{2}+h^{3}}{h}=6 h+h^{2}$ | A1 | 4 | convincingly shown (AG) |
| (b) | As $h \rightarrow 0$ this gradient $\rightarrow 0$ <br> so gradient of curve at $A$ is 0 | E2,1 | 2 | E1 for ' $h=0$ ' |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
| 6(a) | Rotation $45^{\circ}$ (anticlockwise)(about $O$ ) | M1A1 | 2 | M1 for 'rotation' |
| (b) | Reflection in $y=x \tan 22.5{ }^{\circ}$ | M1A1 | 2 | M1 for 'reflection' |
| (c) | Rotation $90^{\circ}$ (anticlockwise)(about $O$ ) | M1A1F | 2 | M1 for 'rotation' or correct matrix; ft wrong angle in (a) |
| (d) | Identity transformation | B2,1F | 2 | ft wrong mirror line in (b); B1 for $\mathbf{B}^{2}=\mathbf{I}$ |
| (e) | $\mathbf{A B}=\left[\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$ <br> Reflection in $y=x$ | M1A1 <br> A1 | 3 | allow M1 if two entries correct |
|  | Total |  | 11 |  |
| 7(a)(i) | Asymptotes $x=3$ and $y=0$ | B1,B1 | 2 | may appear on graph |
| (ii) | Complete graph with correct shape Coordinates $\left(0,-\frac{1}{3}\right)$ shown | B1 B1 | 2 |  |
| (iii) | Correct line, $(0,-5)$ and $(2.5,0)$ shown | B1 | 1 |  |
| (b)(i) | $2 x^{2}-11 x+14=0$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | $x=2$ or $x=3.5$ | M1A1 | 3 | M1 for valid method for quadratic |
| (ii) | $2<x<3, x>3.5$ | B2,1F | 2 | B1 for partially correct solution; ft incorrect roots of quadratic (one above 3, one below 3) |
|  | Total |  | 10 |  |

MFP1 (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a) | $\alpha+\beta=4, \alpha \beta=10$ | B1,B1 | 2 |  |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\alpha}+\frac{1}{\beta} & =\frac{\alpha+\beta}{\alpha \beta} \\ & =\frac{4}{10}=\frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$ | M1 A1 | 2 | convincingly shown (AG) |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} \text { Sum of roots } & =(\alpha+\beta)+2(\text { ans to }(\mathrm{b})) \\ & =4 \frac{4}{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1F } \end{aligned}$ |  | ft wrong value for $\alpha+\beta$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} \text { Product } & =\alpha \beta+4+\frac{4}{\alpha \beta} \\ & =14 \frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$ | M1A1 <br> A1F |  | M1 for attempt to expand product (at least two terms correct) <br> ft wrong value for $\alpha \beta$ |
|  | Equation is $5 x^{2}-24 x+72=0$ | A1F | 6 | integer coeffs and ' $=0$ ' needed here; ft one numerical error |
|  | Total |  | 10 |  |
| 9(a)(i) | Parabola drawn passing through $(2,0)$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | with $x$-axis as line of symmetry |
| (ii) | Two tangents passing through ( $-2,0$ ) | B1B1 | 2 | to c's parabola |
| (b)(i) | Elimination of $y$ | M1 |  |  |
|  | Correct expansion of $(x+2)^{2}$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | Result | A1 | 3 | convincingly shown (AG) |
| (ii) | Correct discriminant | B1 |  |  |
|  | $16 m^{4}-8 m^{2}+1=16 m^{4}+8 m^{2}$ | M1 |  | OE |
|  | Result | A1 | 3 | convincingly shown (AG) |
| (iii) | $\frac{1}{16} x^{2}-\frac{3}{4} x+\frac{9}{4}=0$ | M1 |  | OE |
|  | $x=6, y= \pm 2$ | A1,A1 | 3 |  |
|  | Total |  | 13 |  |
|  | TOTAL |  | 75 |  |

