

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD01 Decision 1

Mark Scheme

2009 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviation	s used in marking
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Μ	mark is for method						
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method						
А	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy						
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy						
E	mark is for explanation						
or ft or F	follow through from previous						
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy				
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read				
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy				
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work				
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work				
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work				
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt				
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate				
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book				
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme				
–x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph				
NMS	no method shown	с	candidate				
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)				
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)				

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

0	Solution	Marka	Tatal	Commonto		
Q 1(a)	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments		
	A B C C C D D D D D D D D	M1 A1	2	Bipartite graph, 2 sets of (some) vertices labelled, 6+ edges		
(b)	A3, B4, C2, E5 D-4+B, $6-C+2$, $6-E+5$	M1		1 correct		
	F - 5 + E, $1 - A + 3$, $F - 4 + B$	M1		1 correct		
	D - 4 + B - 2 + C - 6	A1		Or reverse		
	F - 5 + E - 3 + A - 1	A1		Or reverse		
	ignore extra paths attempted					
	OR					
	F - 4 + B - 2 + C - 6	(A1)		Or reverse		
	D - 4 + F - 5 + E - 3 + A - 1	(A1)		Or reverse		
	ignore extra paths attempted					
	A1, B2, C6, D4, E3, F5	B1	5	Must be list, not diagram		
	Watch for correct method using unusual	notation				
	One continuous path scores M1A1M0 eg $D-4+B-2+C-6+F-5+E-3+A-1$ If working on diagram(s) only then max M1A0 M1A0 for each M1: must have start point labelled and a clear path (numerically labelled or coloured) of at leas left to right to left (or reverse)					
	Total		7			

MD01 (cont)							
Q			Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	
2		С	S				
	1^{st}	1	0	D	C		
	2 nd	2	2	B6 (B5) (B4)	6	All 12 correct 10 correct 8 correct	
	3 rd	1	0	(B3) (B2)		7 correct 6 correct	
	4^{th}	4	3	(B1)		5 correct	
	5 th	1	0			Tallies can only score max B2 for three 1s and three 0s (not blanks)	
	6^{th}	6	6				
			Tot	al	6		
3(a)(i)	9			B1	1		
(ii)	<i>n</i> – 1			B1	1		
(b)(i)	$\begin{bmatrix} EF \\ BC \\ CG \end{bmatrix}$	8 8.5 10		M1		SCA minimum spanning tree, 7+ edges (not cycles), must be in ascending order and edges required (not lengths alone)	
	JI BI	10 11.5 12		A1		$BC 2^{nd}$	
	AB GE	14 16		A1		JI 4 th	
	CH DE	16 16.5 21		B1		9 edges (not lengths alone) – may be earned in (b)(iii)	
				A1	5	All correct	
(ii)	117.5			B1	1		
(iii)	4 •	B	с Р	Ē			
				M1		7+ edges, minimum spanning tree	
	;	-,		A1	2	Correct, including labelling	
			Tot	al	10		

Q	Solution		Marks	Total		iments
4(a)	Odds B, C, H, F		E1		PI (must be these 4	vertices - CAO)
	BC + HF = 160 + 320 or 480 BH + CF = 280 + 520 or 800 BF + CH = 360 + 210 or 570		M1 A2,1,0		3 sets of pairs A2 for all 3 correct,	A1 for 2 correct
	(Total =)(2410 + 480) = 2890		A1F B1	6	2410 + their shortes SC 2890 with no w	
					one route listed scor Route listed not 289	
(b)	A 80 8	0 C	(0) ₂₁	0	H ²¹⁰ 130	P 340
	80	250			120	200
	160 _B 8	0 1	240 250 ⁻ 8	0 2	V 330 200	
		170			120	150
	90	170	400		130	150
	250 G 15	50 M	400 410 6	0	450 /E 60	<u>510</u>
	9 est			/		
			M1	70	SCA; cancelling req	uired at I or N
			m1		2 values at <i>I</i>	
			m1 m1		2 values at M2 values at N	
			Al		All correct – no extr	
					Condone 520 boxed final values at each	
			B1		510 at <i>T</i> (diagram ta answer book)	kes precedence ove
	Route CABINET		B1	7	Or reverse	
		Total		13		

Q	Solution	Μ	larks	Total	Comments
5(a)	eg ABCDEFA		M1 A1	2	Any tour <i>ABA</i> or better, any start vertex but not revisiting a vertex May be shown in a labelled diagram of a cycle (eg triangle <i>ABC</i>) With all vertices visited May be shown in a labelled diagram of a cycle
(b)(i)	$\begin{array}{ccccc} F & D & C & A & B & E & F \\ (20) & (15) & (5) & (25) & (15) & (15) \\ (= 95) & & & & \\ \end{array}$		M1 m1 A1	3	Any tour, start/finish at <i>F</i> Visits all vertices Correct order If solution shown solely on matrix, then order of selection of vertices must be shown
(ii)	Tour		E1		"It's an answer", "a cycle", "it works", "it's possible"
	<u>May</u> be improved on		E1	2	"Can't be worse", "not necessarily best", "could be improved" Not "can be improved"
(c)	F E C A B D F		M1		Tour <i>FE</i> (<i>ABCD</i> in any order with <i>B</i> before <i>D</i>) <i>F</i>
	(30) (7) (5) (25) (11) (10)		A1		Correct order
	= 88		B1	3	If solution shown solely on matrix, order of selection of vertices must be shown
	7	Fotal		10	

MD01 (cont)				
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6				Working must be in x , y and z Equalities can only score M marks Strict inequalities: -1 first error only
(a)	$6x + 4y + 2z \le 240$	M1		
	$3x + 2y + z \le 120$	A1		САО
	$6x + 3y + 9z \le 300$	M1		
	$2x + y + 3z \le 100$	A1		САО
	$12x + 18y + 6z \le 900$	M1		
	$2x + 3y + z \le 150$	A1		САО
	$12x + 18y + 6z \ge 2(6x + 3y + 9z)$	M1		OE
	$y \ge z$	A1	8	CSO ; OE in simplified form eg $y - z \ge 0$
(b)(i)	(z=x)			
	$4x + 2y \le 120$ OE or $3x + 3y \le 150$ OE	M1		Correct unsimplified subst $x = z$ into either of these 2 correct inequs. (seen)
	$4x + 2y \le 120 \text{ OE} \implies 2x + y \le 60 \text{ AG}$ $3x + 3y \le 150 \text{ OE} \implies x + y \le 50 \text{ AG}$	A1		Both correct and simplified
	$5x + y \le 100, y \ge x$ AG	A1	3	Correct subst $x = z$ into 4 correct inequs.
(ii)		B1 B1 B1 B1	5	Line 1 correct at $(0, 50)$ (25, 25) Line 2 correct at $(10, 50)$ (20, 0) Line 3 correct at $(0, 60)$ (30, 0) Line 4 correct at $(0, 0)$ (25, 25) Each line correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ square, horizontally or vertically FR, must have all lines correct and labelled region (condone no shading)
(iii)	N = x + y + z = 2x + y Max = 60	M1 A1	2	Stated or PI CSO; SC unsupported 60 scores 2/2
(2)			-	
(iv)	10, 40, 10 11, 38, 11	B1		Any correct; may be earned in part (iii)
	12, 36, 12	B1	2	3 correct
	13, 34, 13 Total	B1	<u>3</u> 21	4 correct and no extras

MD01 (cont)			
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
7(a)(i)		B1	1	OE
(ii)		M1		4 edges
		A1	2	OE Note : new edges must meet each square at vertices on the opposite ends of a side of the square
				eg ✓ ⊥ × ⊥
(iii)				
		M1		4 edges
		A1	2	Eulerian (all vertices are of even order)
(b)(i)	<i>n</i> odd	B1	1	$(n \pm 1)$ even
(ii)	(Triangle) $n = 3$	B2	2	Triangle, stated or drawn, scores B1
	Total		8	
	TOTAL		75	