

General Certificate of Education

Law 5161

Unit 3 (LAW3) The Concept of Liability

Mark Scheme

2008 examination - January series

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LAW3

Assessment Objectives One and Two

General Marking Guidance

You should remember that your marking standards should reflect the levels of performance of candidates, mainly 17 years old, who have completed some part of the Advanced Subsidiary course, writing under examination conditions. The Potential Content given in each case is the most likely correct response to the question set. However, this material is neither exhaustive nor prescriptive and alternative, valid responses should be given credit within the framework of the mark bands.

Positive Marking

You should be positive in your marking, giving credit for what is there rather than being too conscious of what is not. Do not deduct marks for irrelevant or incorrect answers, as candidates penalise themselves in terms of the time they have spent.

Mark Range

You should use the whole mark range available in the mark scheme. Where the candidate's response to a question is such that the mark scheme permits full marks to be awarded, full marks must be given. A perfect answer is not required. Conversely, if the candidate's answer does not deserve credit, then no marks should be given.

Levels of Response for Essay Marking

When reading an essay it is useful to annotate your recognition of the achievement of a response level. This will help the Team Leader follow your thought processes. Levels of response marking relies on recognition of the highest Level achieved by the candidate. When you have finished reading the essay, therefore, think top-down, rather than bottom-up. In other words, has the candidate's overall answer met the requirements for the top level? If not, the next level?

Citation of Authority

Candidates will have been urged to use cases and statutes whenever appropriate. Even where no specific reference is made to these in the mark scheme, please remember that their use considerably enhances the quality of an answer.

Assessment Objective Three

Quality of Written Communication

The Code of Practice for GCSE, GCSE in vocational subjects, GCE, VCE and GNVQ requires the assessment of candidates' quality of written communication wherever they are required to write in continuous prose. In this unit, this assessment will take place by marking the candidate's script as a whole, by means of the following criteria:

- Level 3 Moderately complex ideas are expressed clearly and reasonably fluently, through well linked sentences and paragraphs. Arguments are generally relevant and well structured. There may be occasional errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.
 4-5 marks
- Level 2 Straightforward ideas are expressed clearly, if not always fluently. Sentences and paragraphs may not always be well connected. Arguments may sometimes stray from the point or be weakly presented. There may be some errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, but not such as to detract from communication of meaning. 2-3 marks
- Level 1 Simple ideas are expressed clearly, but arguments may be of doubtful relevance or be obscurely presented. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive, sufficient to detract from communication of meaning.

1 mark

 Level 0 Ideas are expressed poorly and sentences and paragraphs are not connected. There are errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, such as to severely impair communication of meaning.
 0 marks

The level of understanding in AS Law – LAW3

To help you find the level of understanding shown in a script, there will be some of the following characteristics shown. It is important to remember that the assessment is aimed at the notional 17-year-old, so the level of understanding required by these criteria will be that of the notional 17-year-old.

Sound	 The material will be generally accurate and contain relevant material to the Potential Content. The material will be supported by generally relevant authority and/or examples. It will generally deal with the Potential Content in a manner required by the question. As a consequence, the essential features of the Potential Content are dealt with competently and coherently.
Clear	 The material is broadly accurate and relevant to the Potential Content. The material will be supported by some use of relevant authority and/or examples. The material will broadly deal with the Potential Content in a manner required by the question. As a consequence, the underlying concepts of the Potential Content will be present, though there may be some errors, omissions and/or confusion which prevent the answer from being fully rounded or developed.
Some	 The material shows some accuracy and relevance to the Potential Content. The material may occasionally be supported by some relevant authority and/or examples. The material will deal with some of the Potential Content in a manner required by the question. As a consequence, few of the concepts of the Potential Content are established as there will be errors, omissions and/or confusion which undermine the essential features of the Potential Content.

Total for this question: 25 marks

(a) Criminal offences usually require *actus reus* and *mens rea*, although some crimes are crimes of strict liability. Outline the meaning of each of the terms *actus reus*, *mens rea* and strict liability. (15 marks)

Potential Content

- (A) Outline of the meaning *actus reus,* eg criminal acts, criminal omissions, possible reference to state of affairs crimes, circumstances crimes, consequences crimes; cases and/or examples
- (B) Outline of the meaning of *mens rea*, eg direct and oblique intention, subjective recklessness; cases and/or examples
- (C) Outline of the meaning of strict liability, eg no *mens rea* required, usually minor, regulatory, statutory; cases and/or examples

Mark Bands

12 – 15	The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows: max 15: two sound, one clear max 13: two sound, one some or one sound, two clear max 12: two sound or one sound, one clear, one some or three clear.		
8 – 11	The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows: max 11 : two clear, one some max 10 : one sound or two clear or one clear, two some max 9 : one clear, one some or three some max 8 : one clear or two some.		
4 – 7	The candidate begins to display limited understanding by introducing discussion of any of the material in (A)-(C). Where the candidate introduces material across the range it will be superficial.		
1 – 3	The answer consists of brief, fragmented comments or examples so that no coherent explanation and application emerges or mistakes and confusion fundamentally undermine a more substantial attempt at explanation and application.		
0	The answer contains no relevant information.		

1

(b) Discuss the criminal liability of Ben for the injuries suffered by John. (10 marks)	(b)	Discuss the criminal liability of Ben for the injuries suffered by John.	(10 marks)
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Potential Content

- (A) Discussion of an appropriate offence based on the injury caused directly by the knife (gbh/wounding (s20)), and/or s18gbh/wounding with intent
- (B) Application of the law to the facts disclosed
- **NB** Max 6 marks for discussion of ABH only

Mark Bands

8 – 10	The candidate deals with (A) and (B) as follows: max 10: two sound max 9: one sound, one clear	
	max 8: one sound, one some or two clear.	
5 – 7	The candidate deals with (A) and (B) as follows: max 7: one sound or one clear, one some max 5: one clear or two some.	
3 – 4	The candidate demonstrates limited capacity for explanation and/or application but neither is clear.	
1 – 2	The answer consists of brief, fragmented comments or examples so that no coherent explanation and application emerges or	
	mistakes and confusion fundamentally undermine a more substantial attempt at explanation and application.	
0	The answer contains no relevant information.	

Total for this question: 35 marks

(a) If Asif is to succeed in a claim for negligence against Graham, duty, breach and damage will have to be proved. Outline what each of these three terms means.

(15 marks)

Potential Content

- (A) Outline of duty, eg neighbour test and/or Caparo 3-part test
- (B) Outline of breach, eg standard of reasonable man and/or risk factors
- (C) Outline of damage, eg remoteness based on causation and foreseeability

Mark Bands

12 – 15	The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows: max 15: two sound, one clear max 13: two sound, one some or one sound, two clear max 12: two sound or one sound one clear one some or three clear
8 – 11	max 12: two sound or one sound, one clear, one some or three clear.The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows:max 11: two clear, one some
	 max 10: one sound or two clear or one clear, two some max 9: one clear, one some or three some max 8: one clear or two some.
4 – 7	The candidate begins to display limited understanding by introducing discussion of any of the material in (A)-(C). Where the candidate introduces material across the range it will be superficial.
1 – 3	The answer consists of brief, fragmented comments or examples so that no coherent explanation and application emerges or
	mistakes and confusion fundamentally undermine a more substantial attempt at explanation and application.
0	The answer contains no relevant information.

2

(b) Using the rules set out in your answer to 2(a) above, discuss whether Graham has been negligent towards Asif. (10 marks)

Potential Content

- (A) Discussion and application with appropriate conclusion of duty owed
- (B) Discussion and application with appropriate conclusion of breach of duty
- (C) Discussion and application with appropriate conclusion of remoteness of damage

Mark Bands

8 – 10	The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows: max 10: two sound, one clear max 9: two sound, one some or one sound, two clear max 8: two sound or one sound, one clear, one some or three clear.
5 – 7	 The candidate deals with (A)-(C) as follows: max 7: one sound, one clear or one sound, two some or two clear, one some max 6: one sound, one some or two clear or one clear, two some max 5: one sound or one clear, one some or three some.
3 – 4	The candidate demonstrates limited capacity for application.
1 – 2	The answer consists of brief, fragmented comments or examples so that no coherent application emerges or mistakes and confusion fundamentally undermine a more substantial attempt at application.
0	The answer contains no relevant information.

(c) Assuming Graham was found to be negligent in the above situation, explain how the court would calculate an award of damages to Asif. (10 marks)

Potential Content

(A) Explanation of damages, eg purpose, general and special damages (damage to property, loss of earnings, loss of amenity, expenses incurred), mitigation, structure of awards

(Account should be taken of depth and breadth)

(B) Application to the facts and conclusion

Mark Bands

8 – 10	The candidate deals with (A) and (B) as follows: max 10: two sound	
	max 9: one sound, one clear	
	max 8: one sound, one some or two clear.	
5 – 7	The candidate deals with (A) and (B) as follows: max 7: one sound or one clear, one some max 5: one clear or two some.	
3 – 4	The candidate demonstrates limited capacity for explanation and/or application but neither is clear.	
1 – 2	The answer consists of brief, fragmented comments or examples so that no coherent explanation and application emerges or	
	mistakes and confusion fundamentally undermine a more substantial attempt at explanation and application.	
0	The answer contains no relevant information.	

ASSESSMENT GRID

(to show the allocation of marks to Assessment Objectives)

Advanced Subsidiary Level Law (LAW3)

UNIT 3	AO1	AO2	AO3
Question 1 (a) (b)	12 0	3 10	
Question 2 (a) (b) (c)	12 0 4	3 10 6	
AO3 (Quality of written communication for the paper as a whole)			5
Total marks	28	32	5