

Law LAW01

Unit 1 Law Making and the Legal System

Tuesday 15 January 2013 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this paper you must have:		
 an AQA 12-page answer book. 		

Time allowed

• 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Examining Body** for this paper is AQA. The **Paper Reference** is LAW01.
- Choose **one** topic from **Section A**, **one** topic from **Section B** and a **third** topic from either **Section A** or **Section B**. Answer **all** questions on the topics you have chosen.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Use continuous prose. Give reasoned answers. Where appropriate, make reference to cases, statutes and examples.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 96.
- In questions 0 3, 0 6, 0 9, 1 2, 1 5, 1 8, 2 1 and 2 4, two marks will be awarded for Assessment Objective Three (AO3), and so you will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Choose **one** topic from **Section A**, **one** topic from **Section B** and a **third** topic from either **Section A** or **Section B**. Answer **all** questions on the topics you have chosen.

Section A Law Making

Use continuous prose. Give reasoned answers. Where appropriate, make reference to cases, statutes and examples.

Each topic carries 32 marks.

Topic: Parliamentary Law Making

Answer questions 0 1 0 2 and 0 3

- **0 1** Briefly explain **both** of the following:
 - what is meant by the doctrine of Parliamentary supremacy (sovereignty)
 - the purpose and use of Green and White papers.

(10 marks)

0 2 Outline the law-making process in Parliament.

(10 marks)

0 3 Discuss disadvantages of Parliamentary law making.

(10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)

Topic: Delegated Legislation

Answer questions 0 4 , 0 5 and 0 6

- **0 4** Describe how statutory instruments, as a form of delegated legislation, are made and used. (10 marks)
- 0 5 Describe judicial controls on delegated legislation.

(10 marks)

0 6 Briefly discuss advantages **and** disadvantages of delegated legislation as a form of law making. (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)

Topic: Statutory Interpretation Answer questions | 0 | 7 | 0 | 8 | and | 0 | 0 7 Outline **both** of the following: internal (intrinsic) aids to interpretation one of the rules of language. (10 marks) 0 8 Describe the mischief rule. (10 marks) Briefly discuss advantages and disadvantages of the mischief rule. 9 (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3) **Topic: Judicial Precedent** Answer questions | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | and | 1 | 2 | 0 Briefly explain the 'hierarchy of the courts' and ratio decidendi. (10 marks) Briefly explain how, and when, judges can avoid having to follow a precedent: by overruling a precedent, and by distinguishing a precedent. (10 marks) 2 Discuss advantages of judicial precedent. (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)

Turn over for the next section

Section B The Legal System

l	Jse continuous prose. Give reasoned answers. Where appropriate, make reference to cases, statutes and examples.
	Each topic carries 32 marks.
	Topic: The Civil Courts and other forms of dispute resolution
	Answer questions 1 3, 1 4 and 1 5
1 3	Sarah has been seriously injured in an accident and intends to claim compensation for her injuries. Outline both of the following:
	 the civil courts (including appeal courts) in which her claim for compensation may be heard
	• the process of negotiation as an alternative method of dealing with her claim. (10 marks)
1 4	Describe arbitration as a form of dispute resolution. (10 marks)
1 5	Briefly discuss advantages and disadvantages of arbitration. (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)
	Topic: The Criminal Courts and lay people
	Answer questions 1 6, 1 7 and 1 8
1 6	Outline both of the following:
	the trial and appeal courts that can hear adult criminal cases
	• the types of cases dealt with by these courts. (10 marks)
1 7	Outline the qualifications for appointment as a lay magistrate. Briefly explain the training undertaken by a lay magistrate following appointment. (10 marks)
1 8	Discuss advantages of using lay persons (juries and lay magistrates) in the criminal justice process. (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)

Topic: The Legal Profession and other sources of advice, and funding Answer questions | 1 9 | 2 **0** and **2** 9 (10 marks) Describe how a person trains and qualifies to become a solicitor. 2 0 Briefly explain where, and from whom, a person arrested for a serious criminal offence could obtain legal advice and representation and outline how this advice and representation could be paid for. (10 marks) 2 1 Discuss disadvantages of the methods of funding advice and representation in criminal (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3) cases. **Topic: The Judiciary** Answer questions 2 2 2 3 and 2 Describe the work of a judge in a Crown Court criminal trial. 2 (10 marks) 3 Explain how a judge can be dismissed from office. (10 marks) 2 4 Discuss why it is, **and** should be, difficult to dismiss a judge from office. (10 marks + 2 marks for AO3)

END OF QUESTIONS

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