



**General Certificate of Education (A-level)
June 2011**

English Literature A

LTA1A

(Specification 2740)

Unit 1: Texts in Context

Option A: Victorian Literature

Post-Standardisation

Mark Scheme

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all examiners participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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The Assessment Objectives

- Assessment in English Literature is unlike that in most other subjects where Assessment Objectives can be assessed discretely.
- Experience of examining in this subject and research conducted into how candidates approach answering questions show that there is never an occasion where one can assess a single Assessment Objective discretely.
- Some Assessment Objectives, such as AO1 and AO2, are present in all questions on this paper.
- In this paper, some Assessment Objectives have different weightings in different questions.
- The specification and its units have been constructed and the questions have been framed so that the Assessment Objectives are targeted in the proportions set out in the specification and reprinted below.

Weighting of Assessment Objectives for AS

The table below shows the approximate weighting of each of the Assessment Objectives in the AS units.

Assessment Objectives	Unit Weightings (%)		Overall weighting of AOs (%)
	Unit 1	Unit 2	
AO1	12	12	24
AO2	18	14	32
AO3	12	10	22
AO4	18	4	22
Overall weighting of units (%)	60	40	100

Weighting of Assessment Objectives for this paper

The table below shows the Assessment Objectives tested by each question and the approximate numbers of marks available.

Assessment Objectives	Question Weightings (by mark)	
	Question 1	Questions 2-7
AO1	3	15
AO2	12	15
AO3	3	15
AO4	27	
Overall weighting of questions	45	45

How to use the Grids and the marking scheme

- For each question in this unit, in addition to the Assessment Objectives common to all questions (AOs1 and 2), there is a **key Assessment Objective** which should be used in the first stage of assessing the answer. For Question 1, this is AO4; for all set text questions, this is AO3.
- Having placed the answer in a band of the grid, move on to verify this mark by considering the other relevant AO columns (AOs 1, 2 and 3 for Question1; AOs 1 and 2 for the set text questions).
- This is a skills based mark scheme. The whole specification is designed to encourage the development of the **autonomous reader**. In the coursework, this is encouraged through teachers/candidates taking responsibility for **choice of text** and **construction of task**. In the examination, candidates are invited to answer questions which present **unprepared material** and require reference to **individualised wider reading** (like the context question here) and **open questions** which invite the candidate to **make their own selection of the poems they wish to write about** (as in the poetry set text question).

It is therefore the candidate who sets the agenda and chooses the relevant material with which to answer the question. The examiner will be judging **the appropriateness, the relevance and the accuracy of those choices**.

Mark Scheme – General Certificate of Education (A-level) English Literature A – Unit 1: Texts in Context Option A: Victorian Literature– June 2011

	Assessment Objective 1	Assessment Objective 2	Assessment Objective 3	Assessment Objective 4
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers	AO4: Demonstrate understanding of the significance and influence of the contexts in which literary texts are written and received
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of literary texts b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language b) assert some aspects with reference to how they shape meaning c) make limited references to texts.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between literary texts b) reflect the views expressed in other interpretations of literary texts in a limited way.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited understanding of context through descriptions of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of literary texts b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language b) describe some aspects with reference to how they shape meaning c) make related references to texts.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between literary texts b) reflect the views expressed in other interpretations of literary texts in a basic way.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic understanding of context through descriptions of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of literary texts b) present relevant responses, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in literary texts b) explore how writers use specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to texts to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between literary texts b) communicate understanding of the views expressed in different interpretations or readings	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate understanding of the relationships between literary texts and their contexts b) comment appropriately on the influence of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period on the ways in which literary texts were written and were – and are – received.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of literary texts with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in literary texts with insight b) confidently explore how writers use specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to texts to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between literary texts with confidence b) communicate understanding of the views expressed in different interpretations or readings in a mature, sophisticated manner.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate a mature understanding of the relationships between literary texts and their contexts b) comment in a sophisticated manner on the influence of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period on the ways in which literary texts were written and were – and are – received.

01. Read the following extract carefully. It is taken from Sir Edmund Gosse's autobiography *Father and Son*, published in 1907. Gosse's father was an eminent naturalist who struggled to reconcile his Christian faith with the scientific theories of evolution developed by Lyell and Darwin. Here Gosse recalls the year 1857 when his father published *Omphalos*, the book in which he claimed that fossils had never been living creatures but were created by god as fossils.

How does the writer present his thoughts and feelings about aspects of Victorian life?

How far is the extract similar to and different from your wider reading in Victorian literature? You should consider the writers' choices of form, structure and language, as well as subject matter.

FOCUS Extract and wider reading in Victorian literature about evolving scientific and religious ideas.

KEY WORDS Thoughts and feelings, similar to, different from, form, structure and language, subject matter.

INDICATIVE CONTENT

Analysis of article - Subject Matter: 1850s scientific ideas; Victorian religious attitudes; Gosse's father's attempt to reconcile the two; dashed hopes and disappointments; Gosse's attitude to his father.

- Form, structure and language: first person narrative; regretful or detached tone (?); effects of exclamation ("alas!") and ending (dramatic or amusing?). Complex sentences with sophisticated vocabulary. Repetition and capitalisation of "My Father".

Links to wider reading – candidate to find links in terms of both similarity and difference with wider reading:

- other writing about evolving attitudes to science and religion (in prose, poetry and drama)
- other writing about parents and families (by both male and female authors)
- other autobiographical writing, including letters, journals and diaries
- other presentations of Victorian scientists or Christians.

Mark Scheme – General Certificate of Education (A-level) English Literature A – Unit 1: Texts in Context Option A: Victorian Literature– June 2011

	Assessment Objective 1 (3 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (12 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (3 marks)	Assessment Objective 4 (27 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers	AO4: Demonstrate understanding of the significance and influence of the contexts in which literary texts are written and received
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of the ways Gosse presents his thoughts and feelings b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of Gosse's autobiography c) attempt to communicate meaning but use inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of form, structure and language in Gosse's autobiography b) assert some aspects with reference to how Gosse shapes meaning c) make limited references to Gosse's autobiography.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between Gosse's autobiography and wider reading texts b) reflect the views expressed in other interpretations of Victorian literature in a limited way.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited understanding of context through descriptions of culture, text type, literary genre or the Victorian period.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of Gosse's autobiography b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the ways Gosse presents his thoughts and feelings c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of form, structure and language in Gosse's autobiography b) describe some aspects with reference to how Gosse shapes meaning c) make related references to Gosse's autobiography.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between Gosse's autobiography and wider reading texts b) reflect the views expressed in other interpretations of Victorian literature in a basic way.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic understanding of context through descriptions of culture, text type, literary genre or the Victorian period.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Gosse's autobiography b) present relevant responses to the ways Gosse presents his thoughts and feelings, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of form, structure and language in Gosse's autobiography b) explore how Gosse uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to Gosse's autobiography to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Gosse's autobiography and wider reading texts b) communicate understanding of the views expressed in different interpretations or readings of Victorian literature.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate understanding of the relationships between Gosse's autobiography, wider reading texts and the Victorian context. b) comment appropriately on context: the influence of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period on the ways in which Victorian literary texts were written and were - and are - received
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Gosse's autobiography with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the ways Gosse presents his thoughts and feelings, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Gosse's autobiography with insight b) confidently explore how Gosse uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to Gosse's autobiography to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Gosse's autobiography and wider reading texts with confidence b) communicate understanding of the views expressed in different interpretations or readings of Victorian literature in a mature, sophisticated manner.	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate a mature understanding of the relationships between Gosse's autobiography, wider reading texts and the Victorian context. b) comment in a sophisticated manner on context: the influence of culture, text type, literary genre or historical period on the ways in which Victorian literary texts were written and were - and are - received.

Selected Poems – John Clare

- 02.** The editor of an anthology published fifty years ago described John Clare as ‘only a minor nature poet’.

To what extent do you agree with this view?

In your answer you should **either** refer to **two** or **three** poems in detail **or** range more widely through the whole selection.

FOCUS given view / two or three poems, whole text

KEYWORDS only a minor nature poet, to what extent do you agree

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- to produce a balanced debate, the candidate’s choice of poetry should include both poems that support the idea that Clare is only a minor nature poet **and** poems that enable the candidate to argue against this view
- supporting poems **might** include ‘The Wheat Ripening’, ‘The Beans in Blossom’, ‘The Ants’, or ‘Little Trotty Wagtail’.
- a counter-argument **could** be provided by poems on subjects other than nature, such as ‘I Am’, ‘A Vision’, ‘Love and Memory’ or ‘First Love’s Recollections’.
- candidates who read closely will **perhaps** dispute the view of Clare as a “minor” poet by citing poems such as ‘The Flitting’, ‘The Moors’, ‘The Peasant Poet’ or ‘Glinton Spire’.

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the idea that Clare is only a minor nature poet c) attempt to communicate meaning but use inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in Clare's poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how Clare shapes meaning c) make limited references to Clare's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between Clare's poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the idea that Clare is only a minor nature poet c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in Clare's poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how Clare shapes meaning c) make related references to Clare's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between Clare's poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) present relevant responses to the idea that Clare is only a minor nature poet, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Clare's poetry b) explore how Clare uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to Clare's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Clare's poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Clare's poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the idea that Clare is only a minor nature poet, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Clare's poetry with insight b) confidently explore how Clare uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to Clare's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Clare's poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Clare's poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Selected Poems – John Clare

03. 'I Am' is one of the last poems John Clare wrote.

How far do you feel that 'I Am' would form an appropriate conclusion to this selection of Clare's poetry?

In your answer, you should consider form, structure and language, as well as subject matter.

FOCUS 'I Am' / whole text

KEYWORDS How far do you feel, appropriate conclusion, form, structure, language, subject matter.

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- analysis of 'I Am', featuring relevant comment on subject matter (eg Clare's meditation on existence, abandonment, death and oblivion) and style (eg stanzaic form; natural imagery; autobiographical voice).
- links to other poems show effectiveness as a conclusion: poems with similar subject matter (eg, 'Memory', 'A Vision' or 'The Peasant Poet') or with similar style (eg 'First Love's Recollections', 'The Summer Shower' or 'The Landrail').
- counter-arguments, based on those elements of Clare's writing not present in 'I Am', are used to produce a balanced debate: eg narrative poetry ('St Martin's Eve'), satire (from 'The Parish') or the use of a persona ('Ballad: I dreamt not what it was to woo').

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of 'I Am' as key to the collection c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in Clare's poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how Clare shapes meaning c) make limited references to Clare's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between 'I Am' and other Clare poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of 'I Am' as an appropriate conclusion c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in Clare's poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how Clare shapes meaning c) make related references to Clare's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between 'I Am' and other Clare poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry b) present relevant responses to the idea of 'I Am' as an appropriate conclusion, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Clare's poetry b) explore how Clare uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to Clare's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'I Am' and other Clare poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Clare's poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Clare's poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the idea of 'I Am' as an appropriate conclusion, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Clare's poetry with insight b) confidently explore how Clare uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to Clare's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'I Am' and other Clare poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Clare's poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Selected Poems – The Brontës

- 04.** An 1846 review of the Brontës' first published collection suggested that 'these poems may not prove attractive; they too much violate the conventionalities of poetry.'

To what extent do you agree with the view that the Brontës' poetry is unattractive and unconventional?

In your answer you should **either** refer to **two** or **three** poems in detail **or** range more widely through the whole selection.

FOCUS Given view of the Brontës' poetry / two or three poems, whole text

KEYWORDS Unattractive and unconventional, to what extent do you agree

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- to produce a balanced debate, the candidate's choice of poetry should include both poems that support the given view **and** poems which might be considered attractive or conventional.
- poems that support the given view **might** include 'Peaceful Death and Painful Life', 'The Prisoner', 'Despondency' or 'Oh, they have robbed me of my hope'.
- a counter-argument **could** be provided by poems such as 'Love is like the wild rose briar', 'Tell me, tell me, smiling child', 'In Memory of a Happy Day in February' or 'Memory'.
- candidates who read closely will **perhaps** argue that, while some poems seemed unattractive and unconventional in 1846, modern readers are able to appreciate them fully (eg 'No coward soul is mine', 'The Teacher's Monologue' or 'Remembrance') or may suggest that the unconventional is a good thing in poetry.

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the Brontës' poetry as unattractive and unconventional c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in the Brontës' poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how the Brontës shape meaning c) make limited references to the Brontës' poetry	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between the Brontës' poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the Brontës' poetry as unattractive and unconventional c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in the Brontës' poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how the Brontës shape meaning c) make related references to the Brontës' poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between the Brontës' poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) present relevant responses to the Brontës' poetry as unattractive and unconventional, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in the Brontës' poetry b) explore how the Brontës use specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to the Brontës' poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between the Brontës' poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of the Brontës' poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the Brontës' poetry as unattractive and unconventional, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in the Brontës' poetry with insight b) confidently explore how the Brontës use specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to the Brontës' poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between the Brontës' poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of the Brontës' poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Selected Poems – The Brontës

05. Remind yourself of ‘Retrospection’, the first poem in this selection.

To what extent do you feel that this poem forms an effective introduction to the selection?

In your answer, you should consider form, structure and language, as well as subject matter.

FOCUS ‘Retrospection’ / whole text

KEYWORDS To what extent do you feel, effective introduction, form, structure, language, subject matter.

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- analysis of ‘Retrospection’, featuring relevant comment on subject matter (eg explicitly autobiographical content: Charlotte’s reflections on the Brontës’ childhood; ideas about family, imagination and memory) and style (eg irregular verse form; first person; natural imagery and seasonal symbolism).
- links to other poems show effectiveness as an introduction: poems with similar subject matter (eg, ‘On the Death of Emily Jane Bronte’, ‘On the Death of Anne Bronte’ or ‘Lines Written at Thorpe Green’).
- counter-arguments, based on those elements of the Brontës’ poetry not present in ‘Retrospection’, are used to produce a balanced debate: eg narrative poetry (‘The Prisoner’), epistolary or religious forms (‘Epistle From a Father to a Child in Her Grave’, ‘A Prayer’).

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of 'Retrospection' as an effective introduction c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in the Brontës' poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how the Brontës shape meaning c) make limited references to the Brontës' poetry	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between 'Retrospection' and other Brontë poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of 'Retrospection' as an effective introduction c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in the Brontës' poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how the Brontës shape meaning c) make related references to the Brontës' poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between 'Retrospection' and other Brontë poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry b) present relevant responses to the idea of 'Retrospection' as an effective introduction, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in the Brontës' poetry b) explore how the Brontës use specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to the Brontës' poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'Retrospection' and other Brontë poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of the Brontës' poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of the Brontës' poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the idea of 'Retrospection' as an effective introduction, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in the Brontës' poetry with insight b) confidently explore how the Brontës use specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to the Brontës' poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'Retrospection' and other Brontë poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of the Brontës' poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Selected Poems – Thomas Hardy

- 06.** A biographer claims that Hardy’s poetry shows a “capacity for happiness and a buoyant sense of humour”.

To what extent do you agree with this view?

In your answer you should **either** refer to **two** or **three** poems in detail **or** range more widely through the whole selection.

FOCUS Biographer’s view of Hardy’s poetry / two or three poems, whole text

KEYWORDS A capacity for happiness and a buoyant sense of humour, to what extent, this view applies

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- to produce a balanced debate, the candidate’s choice of poetry should include both poems that support the critic’s view **and** poems that feature other aspects of Hardy’s writing.
- poems in support of the critic **might** include ‘Great Things’, ‘Weathers’, ‘Shelley’s Skylark’ or ‘The Ruined Maid’
- a counter-argument **could** be provided by poems such as. ‘A Trampwoman’s Tragedy’, ‘A Sunday Morning Tragedy’, ‘The Blinded Bird’ or ‘Drummer Hodge’
- candidates who read closely will **perhaps** argue that, while some poems feature a black humour but convey little sense of happiness (eg ‘The Curate’s Kindness’, ‘The Levelled Churchyard’ or ‘Channel Firing’).

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the idea that Hardy's poetry shows a capacity for happiness and a buoyant sense of humour c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in Hardy's poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how Hardy shapes meaning c) make limited references to Hardy's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between Hardy's poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support interpretations of the idea that Hardy's poetry shows a capacity for happiness and a buoyant sense of humour c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in Hardy's poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how Hardy shapes meaning c) make related references to Hardy's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between Hardy's poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) present relevant responses to the idea that Hardy's poetry shows a capacity for happiness and a buoyant sense of humour, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Hardy's poetry b) explore how Hardy uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to Hardy's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Hardy's poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Hardy's poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the of Hardy's compassion and humanity, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Hardy's poetry with insight b) confidently explore how Hardy uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to Hardy's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between Hardy's poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Hardy's poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Selected Poems – Thomas Hardy

07. Remind yourself of the poem 'The Photograph'.

To what extent do you agree with the view that this poem is the key to the whole selection?

In your answer, you should consider form, structure and language, as well as subject matter.

FOCUS 'The Photograph' / whole text

KEYWORDS To what extent do you agree, key to the whole selection, form, structure, language, subject matter.

INDICATIVE CONTENT

- analysis of 'The Photograph', featuring relevant comment on subject matter (eg memory, guilt and the afterlife) and style (eg stanzaic form, rhyme, metaphors, rhetorical questions, autobiographical voice and the use of the second person).
- links to other poems showing the poem as key to the selection: poems with similar subject matter (eg, 'After a Journey', 'At Castle Boterel' or 'Beeny Cliff') or with similar style (eg 'The Walk', 'Without Ceremony' or 'The Voice').
- counter-arguments, based on those elements of Hardy's poetry not present in 'The Photograph', are used to produce a balanced debate: eg narrative poetry ('A Trampwoman's Tragedy'), wildlife ('Proud Songsters) or contemporary events ('The Convergence of the Twain').

	Assessment Objective 1 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 2 (15 marks)	Assessment Objective 3 (15 marks)
Assessment Objective	AO1: Articulate creative, informed and relevant responses to literary texts, using appropriate terminology and concepts, and coherent, accurate written expression	AO2: Demonstrate detailed critical understanding in analysing the ways in which form, structure and language shape meanings in literary texts	AO3: Explore connections and comparisons between different literary texts, informed by interpretations of other readers
Band 1 0-10	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate limited knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) make few uses of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of 'The Photograph' as the key to the selection c) attempt to communicate meaning by using inaccurate language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify few aspects of structure, form, and language in Hardy's poetry b) assert some aspects with reference to how Hardy shapes meaning c) make limited references to Hardy's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make few links and connections between 'The Photograph' and other Hardy poems b) reflect the given view in a limited way c) assert their agreement or disagreement with the given view.
Band 2 11-22	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate some basic knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) make simple use of appropriate terminology or examples to support the idea of the idea of 'The Photograph' as the key to the selection c) communicate meaning using straightforward language.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify obvious aspects of structure, form, and language in Hardy's poetry b) describe some aspects with reference to how Hardy shapes meaning c) make related references to Hardy's poetry.	Candidates characteristically: a) make straightforward links and connections between 'The Photograph' and other Hardy poems b) reflect the given view in a basic way c) simply agree or disagree with the given view.
Band 3 23-34	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry b) present relevant responses to the idea of 'The Photograph' as the key to the selection, using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing d) communicate content and meaning through expressive and accurate writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Hardy's poetry b) explore how Hardy uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) use specific references to Hardy's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'The Photograph' and other Hardy poems b) communicate understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Hardy's poetry d) construct a balanced debate.
Band 4 35-45	Candidates characteristically: a) communicate relevant knowledge and understanding of Hardy's poetry with confidence b) present relevant, well-informed responses to the idea of 'The Photograph' as the key to the selection, fluently using appropriate terminology to support informed interpretations c) structure and organise their writing in a cogent manner d) communicate content and meaning through sophisticated and mature writing.	Candidates characteristically: a) identify relevant aspects of structure, form and language in Hardy's poetry with insight b) confidently explore how Hardy uses specific aspects to shape meaning c) show a mastery of detail in their use of specific references to Hardy's poetry to support their responses.	Candidates characteristically: a) explore links and connections between 'The Photograph' and other Hardy poems with confidence b) communicate mature understanding of the given view c) consider different interpretations of Hardy's poetry in a cogent manner d) construct an illuminating debate.

Converting marks into UMS marks

Convert raw marks into marks on the Uniform Mark Scale (UMS) by visiting the link below

UMS Conversion Calculator www.aqa.org.uk/umsconversion