

Classical Civilisation

CIV1A

Unit 1A Greek Architecture and Sculpture

Tuesday 17 May 2011 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- a photographic insert (enclosed)
- an AQA 12-page answer book.

Time allowed

• 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do **not** use pencil or gel pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book.

The **Paper Reference** for this paper is CIV1A.

- Answer questions from two options.
 - Choose **one** option from Section One and **one** option from Section Two.
 - Answer all questions from the options you have chosen.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked. Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work must be handed in.
- If you use more than one book, check that you have written the information required on each book.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 65.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

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Section One

Choose either Option A or Option B.

Answer **all** questions from the option you have chosen.

You may use drawings and diagrams in your answers.

EITHER

Option A

Open out the photographic insert and study **Photographs A** and **B** which are printed on pages 4 and 1 respectively. Answer Questions 01 to 04 below.

The statue in **Photograph A** was probably a grave marker; the one in **Photograph B** certainly was.

- 0 1 Identify the statues shown in **Photographs A** and **B** and give the approximate date of **each**. (4 marks)
- 0 2 What is the approximate size of both statues? (1 mark)
- To what extent do you think that the statue in **Photograph B** is an advance over the statue in **Photograph A** and to what extent are they similar? Give the reasons for your views.

 (10 marks)
- **0 4** The Athenians later used **relief** sculptures to commemorate the dead.

To what extent do you think relief sculptures were more effective memorials than the statues in **Photographs A** and **B**? Give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- the effectiveness of the statues in the photographs as memorials
- the grave monument of Hegeso
- the grave monument of Dexileos
- the funerary stele from the River Ilissos.

(20 marks)

OR

Option B

Open out the photographic insert and study **Plan C** and **Photograph D** which are printed on pages 2 and 3 respectively. Answer Questions 05 to 09 below.

- 0 5 In Plan C, identify the parts of the Parthenon labelled 1, 2 and 3. (3 marks)
- **0 6** From which part of the Parthenon do the sculptures shown in **Photograph D** come? (1 mark)
- 0 7 What myth is shown in the group from which the statues in **Photograph D** come? (1 mark)
- 0 8 How effective do you consider the sculptures shown in **Photograph D**? Give the reasons for your views. (10 marks)
- To what extent is the Parthenon a development from the earlier temples at Olympia and Paestum which you have studied? Give the reasons for your views and support them with details of the Parthenon **and at least two** of the earlier temples.

You might include discussion of

- functions
- materials
- layout, size and proportions
- refinements
- decoration
- the use of Ionic features in a Doric temple.

(20 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Section Two

Choose either Option C or Option D and answer the question below.

You may use drawings and diagrams in your answer.

EITHER

Option C

1 0

Judging from the Erechtheion, Temple of Apollo at Bassae, Tholos at Epidauros **and** Philippeion at Olympia, how innovative do you think Greek architects were in the later 5th and 4th centuries BC? Give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- the functions of these buildings
- traditional and new elements in the buildings
- layout and proportions
- combining the orders
- exterior and interior decoration.

(30 marks)

OR

Option D

1 | 1

To what extent do you think Myron, Polykleitos, Praxiteles **and** Lysippos deserve their high reputations as sculptors? Give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- the representation of anatomy
- the actions that are portrayed
- pose, gesture and facial expression
- the purposes for which the sculptures were made
- the relationship between the viewer and the sculptures
- the significance of the sculptures.

(30 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS